VOL. VIII.

NORWAY, MAINE, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER, 27, 1831.

NO. 15.

POETRY.

CUI BONO ! FROM FRASER'S MAGAZINE.

WHAT is Hope? a smiling rainbow Children follow through the wet; Tis not here, still yonder. yonder-Never urchin found it yet.

What is Life? a thawing iceboard On a sea with sunny shore; .Gay we sail-it melts beneath us-We are sunk, and seen no more.

What is Man? a foolish baby, Fighting fierce for hollow nuts; Demanding all, deserving nothing-One small grave is what he gets.

DRIEF HINTS TO PARENTS.—It is of the utmost consequence that the first impressions made on the minds of children respecting the Divine Being be correct itself, and delights in our happiness.—! Impressions like these, and having religion and happiness connected together in their view, will be likely to beget my explanations, but with a settled cast feelings of love, reverence and gratitude, and be a better foundation for a practical assent to the truths of the gospel than creeds and catechisms got by heart.-And as age unfolds the capacity, the doctrines of Christianity ought to be presented in the simplest forms. No religious instruction is better suited to the minds of children, than that derived from the precepts and example of Christ; and no part of his example is more calculated to touch their hearts, than the compassion and the tenderness which he so perfectly displayed. It is by refining and exalting the motives to action, that parents promote the happiness of their children. Therefore it is a very interesting part of religious education, to fix on the young mind a conviction that religion is not an occasional act, but the indwelling principle of divine grace, by which their common acts are to be governed, and their evil propensities subdued; that the indissoluble connection between religion and moral rectitude! must ever be maintained. If ye love God, ye will avoid evil and do good: and that it is the purity of the motive which not only gives worth and beauty, but which, in a Christian sense, gives life and energy to the best action; and without pure motive, acts of devotion, however splendid, will not be accepted in the Divine

When love to God, and love and good will toward meu, have been impressed, as essential doctrines of Christianity, and the mind has been taught to approve itself, by its consciousness of having performed its duty; young people entering into life, and acting for themselves, who have imbibed the principles, will not commonly, it is apprehended, deviate widely from rectitude of conduct.

ORIENTAL ILLUSTRATION OF PSALM

XXII. 5. "I confess," said Capt. Wilson, "that since my return from India, I have been forcibly struck with several things which prove the Scriptures to be an eastern book. For instance, the language of one of the Psalms, where David says-"Thou anointest my head with oil, my cup runneth over," most likely alludes! to a custom which continues to this day. I once had this ceremony performed on myself, in the house of a rich Indian, in the presence of a large company. The gentleman of the house poured upon my hands and arms a delightful odoriferous perfume, put a golden cup into my hand and poured wine into it till it had run over, assuring me, at the time, that it was a great pleasure to him to receive me, and that I should find a rich supply in his house. I think the Divine poet expressed his sense of the Divine goodness by this allusion.39

Scoffen Confounded .- A gentleman in a stage coach attempted to divert the company, and displayed his hostility to the scriptures, by throwing them into ridicule: "As to the prophecies," said he, "in particular, they were all written after the events took place." A minister in the coach who had previously been silent, replied, "Sir, I must beg leave to mention one remarkable prophecy as and exception. "Knowing this first; that there shall come in the latter days scoffers." Now, sir, whether the event be long before the prediction, I leave the company to judge." mouth of the scorner was stopped."

Dogs.—It will be seen by the following extract from the records of the First full glory of his invention. It is mourn-Parish in Cambridge, that the regulating of dogs and their owners by law, is not "a new thing under the sun."

into the House of God on ye Lord's Day, in the time of public worship shall pay son, he seemed little satisfied with the five shillings old tenor for every time his results, and looked forward to far more Then sought the service of a demure Dowager, dog shall so come into the House of God.' extensive operations. My ultimate tri-

MISCELLANY.

THE FIRST STEAMBOAT.

intelligence was so much undervalued try. at the time, and the benefits he conferred on mankind have been so unwor- steamboat, looking to its effects on comthily rewarded. This description is giv- merce and navigation, to the combined en by Judge Story in the Boston Library influences of facilities of travelling and of Useful knowledge, and is derived facilities of trade, of rapid circulation of from statements made by Mr. Fulton news, and still more rapid circulation of himself :- Atlas.

inventor relate, in an animated and af- efactions to the human race." feeting manner, the history of his labors and discouragements. When, said he, and encouraging. They should be I was building my first steamboat at N. taught that he is the Giver of every good, York, the project was viewed by the York, the project was viewed by the the Author of all felicity; that he is love public either with idifference, or with contempt, as a visionary scheme. My

shy. They listened with patience to of incredulity on their countenances. I felt the full force of the lamentation of the poet,

"Truths would you teach, to save a sinking

All shun, none aid you, and few understand." As I had occasion to pass daily to and . Which almost killed it; for the old fellow was from the building vard, while my boat gers, gathering in little circles, and heard various inquiries as to the object of this new vehicle. The language was uniformly that of scorn, sneer, or ridicule. The loud laugh rose at my expense—the dry jest—the wise calculation of losses and expenditures; the dull but endless repetition of the Fulton Folly. Never did a single encouraging remark, a bright hope, or a warm wish, cross my path. Silence itself was but politeness, veiling its doubts, or hiding its reproaches At length the day arrived when the Told him that to multiply furrows in experiment was to be got into operation.

To me it was a most trying and interesting occasion. I invited many friends to go on board to witness the first successful trip. Many of them did me the favor to attend, as a matter of personal respect; but it was manifest, they did it with reluctance, fearing to be the partners in my mortification, and not of my triumph.—I was well aware, that in my case there were many reasons to doubt was new and ill made; and many parts acquainted with such work; and unexpected difficulties might reasonably be which the word was to be given for the vessel to move. My friends were in ty mixed with fear among them. They their looks nothing but disaster, and almost repented of my efforts. The signal was given, and the boat moved on a short distance, and then stopped, and became immovable. To the silence of the preceding moment now succeeded murmers of discontent, and agitations, and whispers and shrugs. I could hear -it is a foolish scheme-I wish we were well out of it." I elevated myself upon I stated, that I knew not what was the matter; but if they would be quiet, and indulge me for a half an hour, I would either go on; or abandon the voyage for that time. This short respite was conceded without objection. I went below and examined the machinery, and discovered that the cause was a slight maladjustment of some of the work. In a short period it was obviated. The boat was again put in motion. She continued to move on. All were still incredulous. None seemed willing to trust the evidence of their own senses. We left

superceded the influence of fact. It was then doubted, if it could be done again; or if done, it was doubted if could be made of any great value.

guage which I have used, but in its sub-

the fair city of New York; we passed

through the romantic and ever-varying

the clustering houses of Albany; we

reached its shores; and then, even then

when all seemed achieved, I was the

victim of disappointment. Imagination

stance, from the lips of the inventor. He did not live indeed to enjoy the ful to say that attempts were made to rob him in the first place of the merits of his invention, and next of its fruits. He The honey moon passed in pleasure, peace, and manner: 1749-50. Voted—"that the owner of fell a vitcim to his efforts to sustain his every dog that suffers his dog to come title to both. When already his inven- Shut him up in a hot house, where he was suf tion had covered the waters of the Hud-

umph, he used to say, will be on the Mississippi. I know, indeed, that even | Who looked as if she was always in a brown now it is deemed impossible by many, And amused herself with dying leaves of differ When the whole Union, nay, every that the difficulties of its navigation can quarter of the globe, is reaping the rich be overcome. But I em confident of Sometimes she would sit in the fields with the fruits of Mr. Fulton's genius and perse- success. I may not live to see it; but verance, the reader cannot fail to be in- the Mississippi will yet be covered with terested in the account he gives of the steambonts; and thus an entire change progress of his experimental essay, or to be wrought in the course or the interfeel a sense of shame that his superior nal navigation and commerce of our coun

And it has been wrought. And the pleasures and products, seems destined "I myself have heard the illustrious to be numbered among the noblest ben-

> The following ingenious allegorical description of a year is from the Boston Evening Gaxette.

ATRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF THE YEAR 1930,

friends, indeed, were civil, but they were That expired this morning between the hours of 12 and I o'clock. Aged 11 months and 31 days. It came into the world an orphan,

For its parent just breathed upon its birth and It was adopted by a trigid old bachelor called

JONATHAN JANUARY; But the heart of the young Year was chilled by A very caut reception,

Accustomed to sleighing, was in progress, I have often loitered And played many slippery tricks with his pupil, Who was fed upon-cakes of ice! unknown near the idle groups of stran- He often wore a white wig by day, and at nigh Would lay down in a sheet of snow;

But folks soon began to see the drift of his conduct. For he set their teeth as well as tongnes chattering; And one day tired of celibacy.

Miss Tabatha Than. Our little hero was taken into the service of FARMER FEBRUARY,

He ran away with

Who taught him that the path of Industry Was the way to independence; Made him put the spade to the soil, The oxen to the plough,

Was to lessee furrows in the face; And that in digging there was no in-dig-nity. But a matronly maiden by the name of

MEHETIBLE MARCH, Took a fancy to the child, and he left the farmer She fostered pet lambs, fed young robins, Pruned plants, and gathered daisies But her disposition was violent; The airs she sometimes gave herself were un-

bearable, and little Eighteen hundred and thirty Frequently suffered from many a

Severe blow. of my own success. The machinery He was often in want of his dinner, but if Mrs. March could not

Raise the wind, he might whistle for it. of it were constructed by mechanics un- She died in a gust of passion for want of breath, Iulis the pain --And he was taken into favor by the youthful WIDOW APRIL.

She was always smiling or weeping, Either in the sunshine or the shower, groups on the deck. There was anxie- But she drawned herself in a flood of her own Cantherides"---

tears. MISS FLORA MAY.

No one regretted the loss of widow April, For she was known for a foul the first day she was seen.

The child was captivated rose-wreaths. The white blossoms that garlanded her tresses,

And the morning melody of the sweet lark, Sailing at sunrise upward to the sky. distinctly repeated, "I told you it was so But mistaking an artificial flower for one of her

She died of a mortification, That art should so nearly rival nature: a platform, and addressed the assembly. Nothing could save her, though she was ampu-

> Above the waist-by a corset lace. He was then transferred to the care of GENTLEMAN JUNE. Who minded his peas and cuer

In his garden and billiard room. His cowardice was his only crime; for he could not encounter Even a sheep, without trying to shear off, He boasted that when he was twenty-one He lived a day longer than any of his family. Although some exceeded even thirty.

He grew crubbed, and left the world on Seeing the sign of a cancer upon him. The child was taken under the protection of A flash exquisite, called JULIUS JULY, ESQ.

He was the discoverer of the fox-zlove. A very warm admirer of the ladies, although scenery of the highlands; we descried He sometimes made the house too hot to hold them.

He dissolved away one day, like Narcissus, Either from personal vanity or perspiration, Recommending the child to a young And rosy-cheeked rustic called AMOS AUGUST.

He soon learned to handle the sickle, Although it went against the grain. And carried the golden wheat sheaves, Such was the history of the first ex- And joined in the jolly chorus of "Harvesthome "

periment, as it fell, not in the very lan- But he was caught one day sucking eider thro' a straw. And August turned him over to his neighbor, SOLOMON SEPTEMBER.

> B. Solomon had a habit of taking all By the ears in the field, And thrushing them afterwards in the barn. Shortly after Solomon married Miss Ceres. plenty, but she wore yellow stockings,

focated. Eighteen hundred and thirty namod

MADAM OCTOBER.

ent colors, husbandman,

To get her bread by plain serving, And hear the song of the Robin red-breastthe last of the warblers. But a rough sailor, y'clept old Equinox, n a fit of abduction, took her up and gaily car ried her off in a gale of wind.

The child was again thrown upon the world Until found by a gloomy and mysterious being Whose name was RICODEMES NOVEMBER.

His cloak was made of fog, and his cap of mist, He was a vampyre and a cannibal, For he solaced himself with a suicio's At breakfast, and at dinner feasted on A felo de se: At last, Nicodemus was tormented to death by

His own blues. The last master that our little orphan lived with Was a rough old shrivelled roisterer, called

DAVID DECEMBER, Whom every one tried to keep out of doors. Sometimes the poor old soul would storm at The windows, and then whimper And whisper through key holes and crevices, Or try to rush in when the door was opened But all to no purpose, they did not Mince the

Matter, except with pies. The snow tell upon his bare head, The icicles hung upon his white hairs, With the child in his arms, he laid him down They died together, And were buried in the tomb of time. Their last words to us were, "We hope your patrons will not forget you When you sincerely wish them many

THE TOOTH ACHE.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR."

tous longitude of our countenance, and Academy. exclaimed, "Good Heavens, my dear felfrom all parts of the room, with three tion of this object. notes ef admiration appended to it. Before we could enter into any explanation, officious friends of both sexes; each strongly recommending a favorite remedy, as prompt, pleasant and effectual. -

"Here," exclaimed Miss Thempson, pulling out a small phial from her reti- journment, when the committee before cule, "is some out of Cloves, saturate a appointed, Reported as follows, viz: little cotton with it, and carefully put it into the hollow of the tooth, and"-

"It is is not half so good as opium," screamed Miss Johnson, an elderly maidwards us a piece of opium about the size a County Society, and present the folof a pea: "opium acts as a sedative, it lowing draft of a constitution for that

"Iv'e tried them both frequently," said other causes. The moment arrived, in And a budding beauty that looked like a green cure for the tooth ache is a large olister and moral improvement; and the followapplied behind the ear; dress it three ing shall be its constitution: days in succession with Basilican and 1. The Officers of this Society shall

the best remedy in the world-mix it with a little Spirits of Nitre, and"

"Pish!" said very ungallantly a gen-With the freshness and fragrance of Flora's tleman present. - "Give me a knittingneedle-I will heat it red hot, and then sear the nerve. I engage that the tooth will never trouble him again."

pointed pen knife. That is a better re-

medy"-muttered Mr. Smith. "Dear me," exclaimed old Mrs. Peterson, holding up her hands, "would you commit murder and suicide at once. The best remedy for the tooth ache is a poultice made of onions, milk, and horse radish"

"Fill your mouth with Cayenne Pepper and Brandy," shouted Mr. Brown. "Try the application of cold steel," said

a would-be wag. "Put some red hot askes into a piece of tors shall appoint. paper, and hold it to your cheek," said

Miss Simpson. 'Or bathe it with New England Rum,' added Mrs. Wilson-

"Opodeldoc is better," said Mrs. Wat-

"Take a half sheet of letter-paper-roll ment of the rising generation and the it up-and after setting fire to one end, general diffusion of useful knowledge. put the other end on the table-let it The course of its proceedings shall be

a sovereign"-Vitriol," said Mr. Jarvis.

A medical practitioner, who was pres- our operations. ent, and who began instinctively to feel unequivocal signs of impatience. As meeting. soon as he could obtain a hearing he exclaimed, assuming a dictorial tone and

me, that of all the various remedies you

one method of curing the toothache extraction." Saying which, to my great dismay, he brandished his tooth drawing instrument high in the air. Some of our kind friends seemed about to second his efforts in the cause of suffering humanity. It was a trying moment. We saw the danger of our situation, and making a desperate effort, burst through the throng of our termenters, snatched up our hat, and rushed out of the house. Nor did we stop until we reached our -partment, when overcome with fright and fatigue, we threw ourself on the bed, after having securely fastened the door. Exeler News-Letter.

EDUCATION.

OXFORD COUNTY LYCEUM.

In compliance with the public invitation given to those of the inhabitants of this County who felt an interest in the cause of education and learning in general, to meet at this place for the purpose of consulting together and devising the best means of effecting this object, several citizens assembled at the Court House on the 14th of Sept.

The meeting was organised by choosing Rev. Allen Greely of Turner, Chairman, and Joseph G. Cole of Paris, Sec-

The meeting was then briefly addressed by Samuel F. Brown, Esq. of Buckfield, stating what had heretofore been done, and the object for which the present meeting was called. After the usu-We recollect that when laboring un- al exercises, an elegant and powerful adder a fit of the blues, some years since, dress, on the subject of education and we rashly mingled with a large circle of the primary importance of History as s our acquaintance at an evening party; branch of it, was delivered by the Rev. a friend casually remarked the porten- Thomas T. Stone, Preceptor of Bridgion

After these services were concluded, low, what is the matter? Are you an invitation was given to all present, troubled with the tooth ache?" That who might feel an interest in the cause fatal word was the signal for a general of education, to unite for the purpose of attack. It was echoed and re-echoed forming an association for the promo-

It was then voted that a committee be chosen to report to the meeting the we were surrounded by some dozens of best means for carrying into effect the purposes for which they were assembled.

The meeting was then adjourned until afternoon. In the afternoon met according to ad-

The Committee chosen to report to this meeting, the best means in their opinion for carrying into effect the purposes for which we are now assembled, en lady, at the same time thrusting to- respectfully recommend the formation of

purpose, viz : This association shall be denominated Mrs. Jackson, "and never knew any Oxport County Lyceum, a Society inpresumed to present themselves from Who had always been known as a raining bolle, good result from either. The only sure stituted for the promotion of intellectual

be a President, and as many Vice Pres-She was interrupted by little Miss idents as the Society may choose; & were silent, sad, and weary. I read in From envy, at the entrance of a beauty called Dickens-"Did you say you never knew Secretary, Treasurer, and four Directors. uny good result from Ether? Ether is The President to be chosen by ballot; the others by nomination. In case of the absence of any officers at any meeting, officers pro tem shall be chosen.

II. It shall be the duty of the President, V. President, Secretary, and Treasurer, to perform the duties severally incumbent on such officers. The duties "Scoop out the nerve with a sharp of the Directors shall be to make all necessary arrangements at annual and other meetings. To determine and provide for the exercises on such occasions-to call extra meetings when they shall think proper, giving due notice of the same, and have a general superintendance of the whole concerns of the Society, always, however, under the control of the

III. The annual meeting of this Society shall be on the first Wednesday of January, and at such place as the Direc-

IV. Members may be admitted to this Society by giving their names to the Secretary to be recorded. Members may be expelled from this Society by a vote of the same.

V. The grand design of this Society "No!" exclaimed Miss Nelson .- is the intellectual and moral improveburn gradually, and by this means you such as it shall from time to time agree will get some nice oil of paper, which is upon, or such as the Directors shall appoint, subject to the society's control. "Oil of fiddlestick! If he has any Primary schools shall ever receive our nerve let him try a few drops of oil of strong solicitude and care. Our own county and vicinity shall be the field of

VI. This constitution may be altered in his pockets at the mention of the word or amended by a vote of two thirds of toothache, listened to these remarks with the members present, at any annual

Which Report was accepted.

The meeting then proceeded to ballot for President, and Rev. Allen Greely of "Nonsense! my experience teaches Turner, was unanimously chosen and accepted the office. Joseph G. Cole of propose, not one is effectual; they may Paris, was then nominated and chosen perhaps produce a temporary alleviation | Secretary. On motion of Mr. Clark, of pain, which will afterwards return committee was raised to nominate the with redoubled violence. There is but other officers of the Society, who report

i. drangactic for man

Patts. Dr. Job Hoimes, Turner, Dr addressed to Eart Grey, after detailing Eight Days Later. Philip Bradford, Livermore, R. Wash- at some length the appearance of the 'The ship' Henry Thompson, arrived Norway, Rev. B. B. Murray, and Rev. ticular whose mean as well as fainting 11th. Weld, La Fayette Perkins, Hiram, Dr. who came to get a meal, for a family of ou the 4th. King Leopold was at Leige been exaggerated. They are however, mortality. A. L. Hannasord, Brownfield, Jas. Steele seven little children. She lest them in when he heard of the hostile intentions consolatory, inasmuch as they confirm Some American & Haytien crast, in the Fryeburg, J. Dane, Denmark, J. B. Os- the morning without breaking her lown of the Prince of Orange. He returned the intelligence, that all that has taken offing previous to the hornicane, as they good, Waterford, C. Whitman, Lovel, J. or their fast; and she was now tottering post haste to Brussels, and sent of troops place, as far as it goes, is favorable to the have not since been visible, are presum-P. Moody. Sweden, Rev. V. Little, Al- home, a distance of three miles, with and cannon for Antwerp, which was ex- good cause." bany, Aaron Cummings, Buckfield, Aa- her bag empty and wildly asking those pected to be an early point of assault and London, August 15, (Evening.) The What's melsocholy speciacle to contemron Parsons,—Vice Presidents.

Treasurer, Stephen Emery. man, R. K. Goodenow, T. J. Carter. Which Report was accepted.

Voted, that the thanks of this meeting relief, I doubt, from her appearance, to my post." be given to the Rev. Mr. Stone, for the whether she would not have perished on He lest Brussels to place himself at cial communication from the French The oldest inhabitants carnot rememvery eloquent address, by him delivered the way." And yet these harrowing the head of the Army on the same after- Government in which they advise the ber any former harricane half so disasthis day; and that the meeting respect- scenes of distress are of perpetual occur- noon, having previously despatched mes- Polish Commander in Chief not to risk trous in its effects as this; in addition fully request a copy for the press.

ing Committee of Literature, whose du- in the world! ty it shall be, in the first place, to examine all school Books now in use in our ry the Fifth, a law was passed against a Council, and it was resolved that Gen. on the fortifications of Warsaw, which ry year for the Republic, what with civpublic schools, and such as are now of the perusal of the Scriptures in England. Girard at the head of 50,000 French is now rendered almost impregnable. fered for public patronage; and to make It was enacted, "That whosoever they troops should march instantly to the aid THE CHOLERA. Accounts from St. the French-earthquakes and hurricanes, the Lyceum at its next meeting.

Secondly, to examine all school books for heretykes to God, enemies to the Exchange: port their opinion of the same to the So- lande." In the reign of William the armistice, and autonoced the resumpciety at its annual meeting, signifying Fourth, the Scriptures are f.eely perused ption of hostilities against the Belgians, whether any new book should be sub- by the meanest individual in the British this evening at half past nine o'clock .stituted for any other then in use or sup- Empire; and nearly £100,000 are col- This morning at five o'clock, the King tal. No mention is made of the report- notice of an unusual degree of cold at plied in addition to books used in schools. lected annually for the diffusing the has received a letter from the King of ed illness of the Emperor Nicholas. Mr. Cook, Mr. Stone, Mr. Emery, and knowledge of the Sacred Writings a- Belgium, who demands of him the aid France. Paris dates are to the 9th Mr. Walker, were chosen

Voted, to choose a Committee of three persons to report at our next meeting, what are the reciprocal rights, powers, and duties of parents, scholars, and teachers, in their relation to our public schools S. Emery, R. K. Goodenow, and T. Clark were chosen.

. Zuted, to choose a Committee of three persons to ascertain what are the evils estênding our public schools, which more particularly operate as impediments to instruction; and to determine what remedies may be most effectually applied. Also to report what ways and means may be adopted for promoting a greater improvement in primary education. Mr T. S. Stone, Leander Gage, and John A. Douglass were chosen.

Voted, that the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the President and Secretary and published in the papers in this County.

ALLEN GREELY, President.

JOSEPH G. COLE, Secretary Extracts from English papers. MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—On Fri- volunteered his services and his horses, seen in the crowd pressing their chil- His system is not national. He may day an accurrence took place in Beharm, and started with Mr. B. in pursuit of dren and running about frantic with joy. change portions of it to please, or to seof a very afflicting nature. About 10 the fugitive. When they had proceeded A feeling of pride and confidence in the cure a momentary majority; but the o'clock that evening James Reid, tailor, about 20 miles they received satisfacto- monarch, who had so devotedly come principle of his system is peace and thought he heard the screech of a pat- ry advices that he was two days in ad- forward in the hour of peril, prevailed o- friendship with despotism, and perma ridge, and took his gun which was load- vance of them, and they therefore deem- ver every other, and there was neither nence to all the old oppressive treaties tress will be direful throughout the countries of them. ed, for the purpose of shooting the bird. ed it expedient to return. Letters were woman nor child who had a sense of the of the Holy Alliance. France, on the He had not gone far from his house immediately despatched to Mr. Hays, when he espied two objects near a plan- the High Constable of this city, and to Leopold to the last extremity. retation, which appeared to him to be Mr. Pierce of Boston, with a description deer. He placed himself in such a po- of his person, to have him apprehended (the King's sons) accompanied Marshal sition as he conceived would enable him if he could be found, and detained in Girard. . to shoot them, levelled his piece and fir custody until a demand should be made ed. Immediately on the report of the for him by the Governor of Pennsylvagun he heard a wild sort of a scream, nia. from which he inferred that one of the Immediate steps were taken by Mr. approach of 50,000 French troops had a deer must be wounded. After several Hays to ascertain if he was in that city, wonderful influence on his mind. The screams, the shocking fact flashed on which terminated in a discovery that he London Courier, of the evening of the his mind that the wild sounds he had had gone with all possible expedition to 11th, says: heard were those of a human being. - | Boston, where it appears he was identi-He rushed to the spot whence it pro- fied and secured by Mr. Pierce. ceeded, when to his horror, he beheld | Since the arrest of Mina, circumstan- lowing important intelligence, the autwo men, his nearest neighbors, lying ces have been developed which leaves thenticity of which we guarantee. In son the ground covered with blood. John no doubt that he is a villain of no ordin- consequice of the communication made Taylor, after the arrival of the unfortu- ary character. Mr. Blayney has been by the Conference to the King of Holmate man, made a slight motion with put in the possession of facts which show land, the nature of which we were first both his hands, and instantly breathed that he married a respectable lady in the to announce last week, his Dutch Majeshis last. The other person, named Mor- vicinity of Philadelphia ten days after ty has given an assurance to the Engrison, was on the ground in a most the decease of her husband, having been lish and French Governments, of which dreadful state of agony. Morrison, lin- induced by him to believe that he was the following is the substance: gered nutil Sunday, morning, when he the son of the celebrated. Gen. Mina, - His Majesty has declared to them, expired. He was upmarried; but the and a foreigner of high distinction. He that in commencing hostilities against other deceased has left a wife and five dispossessed the lady of all her valuable Belgium, he had not the slightest wish children. The two deceased had, it ap- jewelery, plate and personal property, to embroil himself with the Great Powpears, gone out for the purpose of killing which it appears he converted into cash ers; he regarded the quarrel between deer : and it appears, from the testimo- in Baltimore. There are circumstances him and the Belgian Government, a my of the one who lived the longest, that almost amounting to positive evidence, strictly confined to the beligerents; and both he and his comrade were exactly which warrant, the belief that the hus- as not at all connected with the interests under the same delusion with regard to band of the lady was poisened. A forg- or intentions of the Great Powers; but the person who was the innocent cause ed draft for \$ 1000, drawn by. Mina on as he is now assured that the continuof their death, as he was with regard to a Merchant in Philadelphia, has been ance of hostilities by him is viewed with them—they mistook him for a deer, and intercepted through the mail. under this impression were preparing to It need hardly be said that the activi- accordance with his anxious desire to Level their pieces at him at the very mo- ity and vigilance of Mr. Blayney in the be on a friendly footing with the great ment they were struck to the ground by prosecution of all the measures which Powers, will discontinue hostilities, and the contents of his. What increases the have led to the apprehension of this ac- withdraw his troops within the Dutch singularity of this catastrophe is the fact, complished scoundrel, and to a discove- frontiers, as soon as he shall receive inthat the distance between the diseased ry of his crimes-are worthy of great telligence that the French troops have and the unhappy man who was the commendation. A demand having been actually entered Belgium, as he will rethis unfortunate individual, one of them thither for trial. was his own cousin. An investigation by the Sheriff Substitute and Procurator "Travelling Cabinet."-The Hon. Fiscal for the county, has taken place, Edward Livingston, Secretary of State, has sent orders to the commanders of his

ed to remain at large.

FOREIGN NEWS. ter of a letter in the Life ary Free Press,

The wif

mongst the heathen.

of Government.

around her how she should meet the bombardment. On the 4th, he issued a news from Poland is still undecisive. At plate!-Seven or eight thousand people cries of her famishing children. She spirited proclamation to his people, - the date of the last accounts the Russians -the number destitute of covering, ex-Directors, Stephen Chase, L. Whit- literally reminded me of the words of the which concludes thins: -Belgians! like were within 20 miles of Warsaw, advan- posed to pestilence from the dead scat-Prophet. "The little ones looked for you, I will defend Belgium! I rely on cing slowly and cautiously, but vigor-tered around, and only feed for the mobread, and there was none to break it." the Civic guard, on the army, on the ously opposed by the country people; - ment-every species of vegetation in the

rence in a country which finds means to sengers for Paris and London, to claim a general battle with the Russians, and to which we have experienced lately,-Noted, to choose a committee of four support the richest, largest, and most dis- military aid against the Dutch pursuant at the same time the French Govern- several shocks of earthquakes here, persons, to be denominated the Stand- proportionate Protestant establishment to the guarantee given him by the five ment will make an endeavor to mediate which have likewise been felt in other powers. When his Envoy arrived in for the settlement of the arrairs of Po- parts of the Island. A CONTRAST. In the reign of Hen- Paris the King immediately summoned land. 270 pieces of cannon are placed Alas! for Hayti-this has been a sor-

> of a French army. The King having On the receipt of the news from Belgirecognized the indépendence of the king um, M. Casimer Perrier consented to From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce. -- dom of Belgium, and her neutrality, in remain in office for a time and the gen-A Villain Arrested .- We understand concert with England, Austria, Prussia eral impression seems to be that by mathat a most consumate villain, who pas- and Russia, and the circumstances being king concession to the war party with ses by the name of Lino Amalio, Eposy urgent complies with the demand of the respect to Belgium and Holland he will income of Rio Grande Mina, has been artested at Boston by King of the Belgians, and will cause the continue at the head of affairs. Mr. James Pierce. The circumstances engagements to be respected, which . The following is the view taken by which led to his arrest, so far as they have been taken in common accord with O. P. Q. of the state of national feeling have been communicated to us are briefly the Great Powers. Marshal Girard in France : the following: A short time ago, Mr. commands the army of the north, which Willis H. Blayney, one of the High is marching to the aid of Belgium, whose postponed. M. Perrier is prepared to Constables of the city of Philadelphia, - neutrality are to be maintained. The change or modify his system, if he received a letter from Washington infor- peace of Europe, disturbed by the King shall be allowed to remain ! He has now ming him that a number of the cigizens; of Holland, shall be consolidated.

of that city had been swindled by a dash. A letter from Brussels gives the foling personage, who it was then believed, lowing account of King Leopold's recep- be assured. 2d, That by peace or war,

was then in Philadelphia. Prompt in- tion and proceedings at Antwerp. quiry was instituted, which resulted His visit was mexpected, and prosecu- ality. - 3d, That the troubles in La Venin a discovery that the individual, in addited a riest electrifying effect. Having dee shall no longer be trifled with, but dition to the charge made against him, alighted at the palar- he came out upon shall be put down by force. And 4th had forged a variety of documents, pur- the balcony and rold it a assembled mul- That the thousands of royalists and ulporting to be issued by the Mexican titude, the hard come to spend the night tra-royalists who continue to occupy Minister, and that he had passed through with them !". It was truly an affecting posts under government shall all be part has been heard from: Philadelphia towards this city: Mr. scene; the air was rent with shouts more changed for men who will vote for and Blayney, in consequence, called upon enthusiastic than I ever heard in my life; support the revolution of July. But this Mr. Reeside, the well known enterpris- those around him were unmmanned and is not sufficient. M. Casimer Perrier ing Mail Contractor, who immediately shed tears abundently. Women were cannot possibly satisfy the millions .occasion, but would have stood with contrary, desires the independence of

The Duke of Orleans and Nemours,

It would seem that the decided measures of the French King and his cabinet, alarmed the King of Holland, and the

We have just received, by an extraor dinary express from the Hague, the ful

dissatisfaction by the Conference, he, in means of their death was 129 yards. To made for Mina by the Governor of Penn- gard such entry of the French troops as add to the poignancy of the distress of sylvania, he will of course be conveyed an intimation of the adoption of the quarrel of the Belgians, by the Confer

ence. " law becoming bail for his appearance at of the Navy, with his family, have arri- French army, and on no account to com-"the next Invernesshire assizes, is allow, ved in this city on their way to the seat mit any act of hostility after such ad-N. Y. Adv. vance.

of the 9th August.

The following votes were then passed. And had I not afforded her the means of courage and devotion of all. I am going but not so as to stop their progress. The environs and the coffee crops entirely Polish government had received an offi- destroyed.

such a selection therefrom as they may were that should read the Scriptures in of Belgium. Orders were accordingly Petersburg are to the 24th July. The we have had a terrible time. think most proper to be recommended the mother tongue, they should forfeit issued. In the evening, the Minister Cholera was less virulent. New cases for the use of schools and report them to land, catil, lit, and godes from they're of Finance addressed the following let- and deaths have fallen off while the re- by way of Baltimore the Buenos Avres heyres forever; and so be condemned ter to the Committee of the Paris Stock coveries were increasing. The daily British Packet to July 9. The report of cases had diminished from 414 on the the death of Dr. Francia, Dictator of that may be hereafter published, and re- crowne, and most errant traitors to the The king of Holland has denounced the 19th, to 190 on the 22d; the deaths Paraguay, it is stated could not be traced from 179 on the first mentioned day to to any authentic source, though from the 109 on the last. At Cronstadt and Arch- great age of that inividual such an event angel, the disease was becoming less fa- might be expected. The papers take

"A new ministry is for the present no objection to pledge himself,-1st, That the independence of Belgium shall Poland shall be guaranteed her nation-Belgium, Poland, Germany, Spain, Portugal and Italy, as well as national in stitutions for France, which shall insure to happiness at home, and respect and honor abroad."

We hear (says the London Courier of the 11th) from a morning cotemporary, which has received an express from Paris, that at half past one o'clock on Monday the decrees of the King, as drawn up by the commission was referred to the Bureau of the Chambers of Deputies preparatory to the public discussion .the King's speech upon all the more imcy of France-at the same time it ex- part of the coffee plantations, as well as served, "under existing grave circum- by millions." stances."

"France shall guard with jealous care either vessel. her own independence,"-and compli ments the King upon the valiant example which his sons after him have set, in cause of liberty."

but were expected to sail on the 25th,their demands having been fully complied with, and £40,000 paid over to Admiral Rossin, for the expenses of the exhis capital. Courier.

August, 1831, to the Editors of the Mer- cal history.

Poland: The Paris correspondent captile Advertiser says. ' a conce of the London Courier writes under date which passed over our city, without committing injury; has totally destroyed "The communications with Poland Aux Cayes. Out of 2,500 houses scarce-

burn, Hebron, Simeon Peckins, Oxford, wretched peasants who daily crowd the this morning from Liverpool, and bro't are quite suspended by the occupation by a dozen remain, and they are in ruins. J. S. Keith, Canton, C. Holland, Sum- public roads, in their way to the provis- papers to the 18th. She sailed on Sun- of the route from Warsow to Posen by The Government House, the Custom mer, Dr. W. W. Comstock, Hartford, ion depots, in search of food for them- day the 13th. Messrs Topliff have the Russians; the little intelligence we House, and various other buildings were Noah Breknell, Bethel, Wm. Frye, New | selves and their families, Mr. M. Hale-loaned us the papers received by them. received by them. received by them. received by the way of Cracow. There so completely washed away, that their ry, Luke Riley, Gilead, Rev. Mr. White, goes on to say, -"There was one in par- London dates are to the evening of the is nothing of importance, except the offi- former cite can scargely be ascertained. cial reports of the Polish Commander in More than five hundred bodies were Mr. Mervill. Rumford, P. C. Virgin, An- appearance attracted my attention; in - Holland and Belgium.—Hostilities Chief, which prove how much the skir- found when the gale abated, and every dover, S. Poor, Dixfield, Henry Farwell, feeble woman with a child on her breast hascommenced. The armistic terminated mishes which have taken place have succeeding day has added to the list of

il contentions, expected hostilities from

From Buenos Ayres .- We have receivhad formed on the margin of the rivers an inch and a half thick, which was collected and bro't into town as a curiosity. An account from Montevideo states that a revolution took place on the 14th of June in the capital of the Brazilian prov-

In the war in the interior provinces the Buenos Ayrean arms had been entirely successful. General Paz, had been taken prisoner, General Lopez signed a treaty of peace with the province of Cordova, May 30, and on the 9th of June he entered Cordova attended by a splendid retinue, where be was received with acclamations, and every sign of rejoicing-Bost. Alda.

THE WEST INDIA HURRICANE.

Further Particulars The hurricance passed Guayama, Porto Rico, on the 13 ult. and destroyed two brigs and one schooner. The rest of the Island is supposed to have escaped, as the principal

Extract of a letter, dated PORT AU PRINCE, Aug. 23, 1831. The accounts of the late harricans from Aux Cayes, Jeremie and Jackmel, are most deplorable especially from Aux. Cayes. Not more than twelve houses remain standing there; the rest are lev-

elled to the ground; and in Jeremie 380 out of 400 were blown down. The dis-The water rose in the store houses at Aux Cayes to six feet, and destroyed nearly all the property. Coffee is very scarce at \$13. The Europeans were obliged to fill up with logwood. Phil, Gaz.

Accounts received at Philadelphia, by the sphooner Cicero, represent the number of lives lost at Aux Cayes at 800 to 1000, and state that the bodies of 700 persons have been found. The vessels in the harbor were all destroyed.

HAVANA. Aug. 25.—In the country is presented a scene truly distressing. Sev-The address is stated to be an echo of eral persons have perished under the broken fragments and trees; and the portant topics; but it alludes to Poland greater part of the buildings are destroyin far warmer terms; speaks in a more ed including those built of stone. The bold tone upon the whole external poli- total loss of the minor fruits, and a great presses a hope that peace would be pre- of the ptoduce in store, is to be estimated

Gale at Porto Rico .- A severe gale Upon the subject of Belgium, the ad- was experienced at Guayama, P. R. on dress says,-"That France associates the night of Aug. 11. The brig Charles herself with transport to a generous & Ellen, Perry, bound to Wilmington, movement, of which the object is to de- N. C. ready for sea; with 63 hhds. sugar fend and establish the principle of our and 10 of molasses, was driven ashore glorious revolution, to fix definitely our and vessel and cargo to ally lost schr. relations with our neighbors, and to dis- Speed, Jordan, of Saco, for Boston, with sipate all the doubts which painfully 43 hhds, and 10 bbls. sugar, was also toagitate France." It afterwards says, - tally lost, with cargo: no lives lost from Bost. Put.

From the Charleston Patriot.

Extract of a letter, dated Augusta. hastening "to fire the first cannon in the Sept. 3 .- "We have had another freshet in our river, having risen since yester-Portugal,-The French squadron day about ten feet. So much wet weathhad not left the Tagus on the 24th July, er must prove very injurious to the crops generally, and destructive to those on low grounds."

The Charleston City Gazette, of the 5th Sept. says, we received no northern pedition. American squadron was daily mail yesterday. The condition of the His majesty has also intimated that he expected at Lisbon, also in search of sat- Santee may be argued from this fact. isfaction, at a moment when Don Mi- Great apprehensions are entert ined for and the unhappy man, on his father-in and the Hon. Levi Woodbury, Secretary troops to retire, upon the advance of the guel required 5000 men to keep order in the rise of crops; which, it is feared, are too well grounded. The freshet, by A letter from Port au Prince, 26th all accounts, is without parallel in our lo-

The Observer.

NORWAY, TUESDAY, SEPT. 27.

NOTICE TO DELINQENTS. LL persons indebted to the late firm o A Goodnow & Phrips, are earnestly re -quested to make immediate payment to the sub scriber. Those persons who paid nothing from April 13, 1829, to Oct. 4, 1830, are informed that their several bills are \$3,00, which they can very conveniently forward by mail, or otherwise, upon the receipt of which they will receive a bill acknowledging the same.

WM. E. GOODNOW. This paper concludes the publication of one volume since it became the property of the publisher. How far we have succeeded in render- duty-and have lost the Election, by neto decide conclusively; yet we have reason to believe that it has generally been received with a response of approbation. In relation to our political course we have the self evidence of doing our duty as far as our limited means would admit; and we have still the desire of performing it to our utmost power. But as we do not have the advantages of our political opponent in this county, (the State and County patronage) we must depend principally upon our subscription list for our support. This being the case, it will well become every friend of the principles which we profess and advocate, to exert his utmost influence in our hehalf. It is our wish to make our paper far more respectable than it has ever yet been; and in order

to do this, we must have something more than good wishes—the addition of a goodly number of good names upon our subscription list. This will give us the means, and having that, we will promise and show our patrons a paper, in point of neatness of execution, as well as in quantity of original and selected matter, that will render it well worthy of their patronage. 'Fherefore we repeat, to the friends of this paper in this County, to lend their aid in supporting and maintaining handsomely, a republican paper. On our part our best endeavors will be used in fulfilling the expectations of our patrons. To those of our subscribers who are in arrears for the past year, we would say, that the cry of the paper maker for Cash, Cash, remiads us of the duty of fulfilling our engage-

At the election in Portland on Monday the 19th just, for the choice of a representative, WM. PITT FESSENDEN a thorough going anti- Jacksonism has prevailed throughout the Jackson man was chosen, making three enti- State. We did not expect to succeed, Jackson representatives chosen in that town, but we certainly hoped better results than the head quarters of Jacksonism in this State. Well done.

ments, and by remitting us our dues, we shall

be able cheerfully to comply with the request of

our creditors.

" TrWe have not yet received the returns of votes for Governor from all the towns in this county; and but a few for Treasurer and Register. Will not some of our friends forward us immediately the votes for County Kennebec and Somerset have staid at Treasurer and Register of Deeds.

We add the returns of votes from 10 towns tectived since our last publication.

OXFORD COUNTY.

•	18	1831.		1830.	
Goor	DENOW	. SMIT	ы. °Н.	8.	
Andover	<i>5</i> 0	31	' 53	24	
Albany	30	44	30	36	
Buckfield	40	187	54	. 234	
Bethel	50	204	74	204	
Brownfiel	1 40	135	46	125	
Cauton	18	91	00	00	
Carthage	26	. 22	31	22	
Dixfield	42	74	62	83	
Denmark	12	141	22	145	
Fryeburg	86	128	126	142	
" Add	'n. 0	00	5	33	
Greenwoo	d. 28	66	- 30	73	
Gilead T	-18	26	22	30	
Hebron	116	40	132	46	
Hartford	41	104	80	125	
Howard's	G. 3	. 7	9	9	
Hamlin's	G. 0	7			
Hiram	00	00	70	'91	
Jay	75	79.	82	83	
Livermore	205	103	261	136	
Lovell	67	66	80`	60	
Mexico	17	22	22	25	
Norway .	183	56	217	60	
Newry	2	- 38	6	47	
No. 8	, 00	0.0	* 00	• 00	
Oxford.	50	. 120	64	141	
Paris	87	223	131	214	
Porter	00	000	25	129	
Peru	9	74	9	86	
Rumford	75	96	.80	99	
Summer	30	69	68	86	
Sweden	42	40 '	52	40	
Turner	70	190	107	214	
Waterford	108	106	144	95	
Woodstock		101	3	101	
Weld	00	00	56	60	
	0000	0000	2276	3261	

REPRESENTATIVES CHOSEN. CONTINUED.

Bethel, O'Neil Robinson*-Andover, Edward L. Poor—Greenwood, Cyprian Cole.

Can you beat this?-Mr. Lemuel Blake. of Alstead, raised, the present season, from one bean, 190 pods, and 1009 beans. This from a person who assisted in coun- by the presiding officers. ting .- Vermont Intelligencer.

thorized to state that Mr. Simon Noble of this Wednesday afternoon. He was seven called for. The literary notices are prepared town, raised this season, from one white bush ty years old, and had acquired an exten- ford a glance at our current national literature, Rean, 184 pods, and 1062 beans. We say, who sive reputation in this country and in without assuming the form of elaborate critican bent this?

Since pening the above we have received the · following :--

"One Bean taken from the crop of a wild

Damel Jumper, in Harrison, produced 1427 full; ripe beans." This was a poll bean-

.ERRATA. -In our first editorial article respecting the election, in our last paper, for "Poles" read Polls. The difference in the sense of the two words, is very material, although all may understand the meaning of the word as it there; collect by the Directors of said Bridge, dated

THE ELECTION.

By the returns is appears that Gov. Smith is re-elected by an increased majority, but not by an increased vote. In fact the number of votes for him in the State, will be several thousand less than Counties, a perfect aputhy seems to have ford, as will discharge the same. pervaded the ranks. Some slight apology may be found for this conduct, in the fact, that by the abominable Gerrymandering of the State last winter, our party was tied, hand and foot, and it seemed as if nothing short of a miracle could give us a majority in the Legislature.— We doubt whether with a majority of possible for us to have elected a majoriour friends finding themselves thus fettered and controlled, refused to act at all, and let the Election go as it might.-We cannot approve their decision. It was unmanly and cowardly. It ought to be the motto of every republican, in the darkest days-"Never to despair of the Republic"—and when called upon to act, even against fearful odds, they should say with the gallant Miller, "We will try, Sir," and if through legislative iniquity they are overwhelmed—they would still have the consolation of reflecting, that they had done their duty. If our friends had exercised their right of suffrage as generally as they did last 2500 Yds. Raw Wool TEALTTELS year, we should have elected our Gov- 21000 do. Cotton and Wood ernor by a handsome majority. We have lost the Election not by an increase | Long Stockings, Mitters, &c. to complete | of Jacksonites; (for their vote is less than a contract, for which Dry Goods at fair prices last year,) but by the unpardonable neg ligence of our own party. No one, can fairly, infer an augmentation of popularity for Jackson by the result.

Penobscot Journal.

THE ELECTION.—The Republican party has sustained a Waterloo defeat. have been disclosed by the returns of votes. It is this very despair of success, which others felt as well as we, which has given the Jackson party such triumphant and unexpected majorities in some sections, and reduced the Republican strength everywhere. The people of home from the polls. Kennebec is shorn of half its glory, and in Somerset "all is lost but honor," and a portion of thatfor there is no honor in being beaten by one's own neglect. The rest of the State, so far as heard from, for the most part, has done no better. Such is the fate of Maine. We were the last to embrace Jacksonism, but we are now going the whole.

But this triumph of the dominant party will be short lived . They contain within themselves the elements of disset in motion. They have wanted but the length of rope they now have, and they will seal their own fate. We are "no prophet, nor the son of a prophet;" but if in the coming twelvemouth, the annual circling sun do not disclose a series of political events to overthrow the powers of Jacksonism, we will never look into the stars again. Maine itself will never vote for Jackson, though now apparently ready to do any desperate deed. The approaching winter, we entertain no doubt, will develope new political movements now hardly dreamed of, which will open the eyes of the people, sweep away the present landmarks of party, and extend the sway of constitutional Republican principles.

remain on our side, who have a "consti- ment will enable us to select for future num- ly understood, as the Hygeists have statement of the number of copies issued tutional dread of a minority," we recom bers, from a much more copious supply of mamend to them to pause and consider well terials. Contributions of original papers are before they bend to "the powers that pay for those which we publish, and, of course, be,"-tor if, by and by, "the fountains while we open our hand to receive on such of the great deep are broken up, there terms, we shall feel no hesitation in rejecting will be no knowing what whale will be cast upon the strand."

American Advocate.

Delegates to Warsaw. - At the large meeting of the citizens of New York, for the purpose of assisting the Poles it was resolved that Dr. Howe, the dis- facts, which it is not convenient to arrange untinguished friend of the Greeks in their recent struggle for freedom, be delega- nies. These articles are derived, mainly, from ted to proceed to Warsaw to present the the newspapers and other journals; sources, Constitutional Government of Poland, a copy of the proceedings of the meeting and of the address, duly authenticated it will not be thought useless by readers in gen-

BEAT!-In answer to the above, we are au- ell, of N. York, died in that city on Europe, for his various knowledge.

DIED.

In Buckfield, on Sunday morning last, Dez. grass, planted this season in the garden of Mr. I Job Prince, aged about 67.

Notice

Is hereby given to the Proprietors and Own-ars of the following: Shares in the Capital Stock in RUMFORD BRIDGE, in the County of Oxford, that the following sums are due on each of the following Shares on the several Assessments committed to the subscriber to the sixth day of April, A. D. 1831.

No	Shares.	Tax.	No. Shares.	Tax.
	8. \$	13,50	18 \$	13,50
do.	9	13,50	25.	4,50
44	10	13,50	26 :	13,50
	12	13,50	33	13,50
	16	13,50	73	.5.88
Unle	ss said	Assessme	nts and all int	ervenin

last year. On the other hand, the Na- charges are paid to me the subscriber on or betional Republicans have failed to do their fore the twenty-ninth day of October next the said Shares will be sold at Public Vendue ing it acceptable to its patrons, we are not able glecting to vote at all. In several of the Tavern of Moses F. Kumball Esq. in said Rum

OTIS C. BOLSTER, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

AME into the enclosure of the sub-Scriber on the 23d inst. twelve LET FEVER, ASTHMA, JAUNDICE, GR. SHEEP of the following marks, viz .some with a swallow's tail in each ear, others with a swallow's tail in one ear & R: PTURES, and SYPHILIS, in all its sta-4000 for our Governor, it would have been a crep off the other and notch under the | ges; Constituted Bowels, Worms, same. The owner is hereby requested | Scurvey, Itchings of the Skin,ty of representatives. Hence many of to call, prove property, pay charges and King's Evil, and all GUTANEOUS DIS take them away.

> ISRAEL PIKE. Norway, Sept. 26, 1831.

WANTED.



TMMEDIATELY, LA first rate COW. Also a PIG. Inquire

Sept. 26, 1832.

at this Office.

TO FARMERS. Warted

TEOD do. ROW GEORM. together with 5 or 000 Prs. Wood Footings,

will be given in exchange. IJ Said articles must be furnished in all the months of August and September. Apply to

M. G. JARTER, No. 9, Mussey's Row, Middle-St. Portland, who has constantly on hand every description of

Fancy and Staple May Carrings. Aug. 12, 1041.

TARE NOTICE.

THE Sucscriber has lett his books and demands with Levi Whitman Esq. for collection, where all those in debted to him will call and settle.

INCREASE ROBINSON. Norway, Sept. 19th 1831. .

N. England Magazine.

THE subscribers published, on the first day

· The readers of the New-England, Magazine habits. will perceive that it is arranged on a plan somewhat different from that of any periodical work now published in the United States: It does not consequently, assume to be a rival to any existing publication. It is intended to occupy a station in the ranks of American periodicals, which seemed to be vacunt, and to ask for no other portion of the popular favor than it may cord, which it needed but this victory to be thought to deserve, independent of all its co-

> The present number exhibits the model which t is proposed to follow in arranging the materials of the succeeding ones, rather than the composition and quality of the material itself, We believe, however, that this specimen will not suffer in any respect on a fair comparison with its predecessors, that have "blossomed, been exhaled and gone" to oblivion, or with its of successful experiment," cheered and sustain- take to sea; preventing all scurvy, ed by the invigorating air of popularity, and already within hailing distance of the port of in-

We make no promises of improvement : but we are in hopes, that as the New-England Magazine shall increase in age, it may go on "trom strength to strength," till it shail uttam å vigorous manhood. Gentlemen or education and talent, some of whom have already enjoyed the Mental derangements, Eccentricities; Ner- nest pamphlet form, . To contain the tivoluntary approbation of the public in its tollest vous Affections, Irritabilities, and Rest- iles of all newspapers and periodicals fruition, have engaged to necome contributors. On the fulfilment of these engagements we In the mean time, if any persons yet place the most perfect reliance, and such fulfil- which have heretsfore not been proper- names of the editors and publishers-a solicited-not gratuntously-for we intend to whatever we may deem unsuitable to our pur-

In the second department of the Magazine, entitled Monthly Record, there will be found, besides copious notices of recent publications, political and statistical notices believed to be worthy of preservation, and useful for reference in a form more convenient than that of a common newspaper. A selection of interesting der descriptive heads, are thrown promiscuously together, under the general title of Miscellawhich, being open to all, are not often quoted, nor always known. It any credit be due to this portion of the Magazine, and it is believed that eral, it amounts to no more than the praise which industry may always claim for having The celebrated Dr. Samuel L. Mitch-been a gatherer of scraps and fragments, and placing them where they may be found when cism, or aiming at the authoritive dignity of a quarterly review.

J. T. & E. BUCKINGHAM. Boston, July, 1831. LP Subscriptions for the above work will be calling on seceived at this office.

HEALTH BECURED, BY THE USE OF THE

HYGEIAN VEGETALLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES OF THE

BRITISH COLLEGE OF HEALTH, LUNDON;

Vhich have obtained the approbation and recommendation of some Thousands of Cures,

N CONSUMPTIONS, CHOLERA MOR LBUS, INFLAMATIONS, internally or externally; DYSPEPSIA, FEVERS, AGUE, Indigestion, Billious or Nervous AFFECTIONS, & all diseases of the Liv-ER: YELLOW FEVER, GOUT, RHEUMA TISM, LUMBAGO, TIC DOLOREUX, ST. VITUS'S DANGE, EPILEPSY, APOPLEXY PARALYSIS, PALSY, GREEN SICKNESS, and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which sends so many of this fairest por tion of the creation, in Consumptions. to their untimely graves; SMALL Pox MEASLES, WHOOPING COUGH, SCAR VEL, STONE, & all URINARY OBSTRUC rions; Fistula, Piles, Strictures ORDERS; in short, every Complaint to which the human frame is so direfully subject, under all their varied forms and names; as the HYGEIAN conviction is,-

MAN 15 SUBJECT TO ONE ONLY REAL DISEASE, THAT IS, TO THE IMPURITE OF THE BLOOD, from whence springs every Complaint that can possibly assail his complicated frame; and that it is the perpetual struggle of this vital, pure stream of life, the gift of Almighty power, to disencumber itself of its viscous, acrid humours, with which it has become commixed, through the negligence of parents; the ignorance or maltreatment of the Doctors; or the vicious, or gormandizing propensities of

This valuable Medicine, being composed only of vegetable matter, or medicinal herbs, and warranted, on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, (all of which are uncongenial to the nature of man, and therefore destructive of the human frame) is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or the weakest frame, under every stage of human suffering; the most pleasent and benign the most certain in searching out the many years past, given universal satisfacroot of every complaint, however seep, tion wherever it has been used

has already verified its truth in this breath .-- Price 50 cents.

and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate, are in a few days strengthened by their op- No. 35, next door to J. Kidder's Drug Store, eration, because they clear the body corner of Court and Hahover streets, near conof its bad humors; they invariably too, cert inll, Boston; and by his special appointprocure a sound sleep. They are the cotemporaries, that are sailing "on the full tide | safest-and most efficatious Medicine to costiveveness, &c.

The operation of this (in every case) mild medicine, which conveys immedi- Y the editor of the Schenectady (N

mity or sore, is now no more a dubious and will be of equal interest to political or uncertain procedure—perseverance editors of all parties. in the Vegetable Universal Medicines dy in the Universal Medicines for pre- free of postage. serving the energy and sprightliness of the imagination, and improving their requested to give this untice a conspichealth; Old age will be attained by the wons insertion use of them, and passed free from pain and infirmities.

These require none of the mysteries of other medicines. They only require to be persevered in with sufficiently large doses, and the patient will always come of Charles Cleaves in Norway, a red off well; -when a disease is obstinate, and white Cotton Hanckerchief conpatients do not take doses large enough. taiping 2 lbs. No. 10 Cotton Yarn and box sold by him is warranted to be direct from London. Certificates of cures may be seen by ASA BARTON. Norway Village, Sept. 26, 1831. 45 ly

Public Attention! IS most respectfully solicited, by the 1 subscriber, to an

INVALUABLE PREPARATION. the merits of which have been tested by TIME, and are sustained by undoubted testimony.

DR. RELFE'S

DESTANICAL DROPS!

are every year increasing their long esablished reputation. They have outlived many rival preparations, and are coninually gaining upon public confidence.

The Botonical Drops have been successively administered for many years. as a thorough remedy for that well known and prevalent class of inveterate diseases, which originate from a vitiated habit of body, or an hereditary predisposition in the patient, and generally apsear under the various and distressing hapes of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, 5. Anthony's Fire, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Scurvy, Foul and Obstinute Ul-Lers, Sore Legs and Eyes, Scalt Head, & Leaereal Taint.

In the last mentioned condition of the ystem, the Botanioal Drops will be found a eradicate the lurking poison, where Mercury has totally failed, and thus preent the parent from entailing the seeds of an hereditary disease on his offspring. DR. RELFE'S BOTANICAL DROPS

ere successfully used in cases of violent eruptions after the Meazles-red bloiches --pimples on the face-festering emptions on the skin-and other diseases of the external surface, and are one of the best Spring and Annumnal physics known, to iree the system from humors.

A physician of eminence who had witnessed the efficacy of this article, had the candor recently to acknowledge to the Proprietor, that he considered it the best medicine known, for the complaints for which it is intended, and that it ought deservedly to stand at the head of the whole class of such remedies.

Price \$1 a bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5.

WHITE TEETH! AND HEALTHY GUMS!

MHOSE who would retain or restore. these desirable personal advantages, are assured that no composition can be obtained superior to the

BRITISH ANTISEPTIC DENTIFRICE.

This is an elegant and pleasant prein its operation, and at the same time, paration in every respect, and has for

and of performing a cure, that was ever | The Antiseptic Dentifrice is exempt offered to the world. This wonderful from acid and other deleterious ingredieffect, too, is produced by the least pos- ents, which too frequently enter the comsible of all trouble to the patients by position of tooth powders in common merely swallowing a certain number of use, and it whitens the enamel of the small pills, and being called a few ex- teeth without doing it the least injury. tra times to the purposes of evacua- The regular use of this admired powder tion, with the least possible sensation of by purifying the mouth and prevents the of July, the first number of a periodical feeling, or pain, or exaustion of bodily accumulation of Turter, operates as the work entitled the NEW-ENGLAND MAGA- strength, and without the fear of eatch best preventative of the Tooth Ache. on the first of the month. Price Five Don't ing cold, or attention to dress or diet, in The Dentifrice removes discolorations. any way different to their accustomed and restores the beautiful native whiteness of the enamel. And its applica-These pills cure in all cases, and can tion braces and strengthens the Gums, in no way be outdone. Experience, - it secures to them their healthy and florwhich is the touchstone of all human in hue, and by removing all offensive forknowledge, has long borne testimony to eign accumulations from the teeth, prethe fact; and extensive use of them, serves the natural sweetness of the

> *.* None genuine unless signed on the out These Medicines cure by purging, sld. printed wrapper by the sole Proprietor, T. K! DER, immediate successor to the late Dr. W. 2. Conway. For sale with all the other " Conuay Medicine," at his Counting Room, ment. y ASA BARTON, who has for sale a general assortment of Drugs and Medicines.

- Large discount to those who buy to sell again. Norway Village, Ang 31 9

PROPOSALS

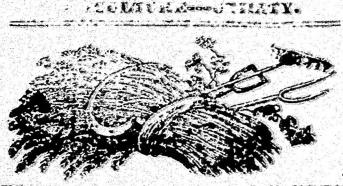
ate conviction of its utility from the first D Y.) Standard, for publishing on dose, is as beneficial to the mind as to the first day of October next, A VIEW the body; first calming, then curing all OF THE AMERICAN PRESS, in a lessness, from whatever source: complaints published in the United States—the found them all-to proceed from accri- from each pres and a designation of monious humors in the blood, and, hap- the political principles advocated by each pily for the present and future race of man- respective publication. To which will kind, discovered a cheap and universal be added a notice of the several type mode of purifying, curing, died prevent- foundries and printing press manufactories in the United States. The work is The being cured of any disease, infir- designed for the use of the profession,

Printers and publishers of newswill always restore nature to her due papers who will immid: tely, upon readcourse. The literary and sedentary of ling this notice, forward to this office & both sexes, whose pursuits so much im- number of their paper, enclosing one pair the faculties, will find a sure reme- shilling, shall receive a copy of the work

Educis friendly to this design, are

N the 14th inst. between the Store. of Wm. Pingree and the residence * *For sale by the subscriber, who is the on a Glass Tuntler; the finder will be ly authorized Agent for this County, and every suitably rewarded by leaving the articles where the subscriber may obtain them.

EBENEZER RICH. Norway, Sept. 19, 1830.



POTATOES.

In the Bulletin of the Societe D'Encouragement, for the month of September, 1829, is an article on the fabrication of cheese from potatoes, of which the following is an extract, from the correspondence of M. Fahrenburg.

part of Saxony, cheese from potatoes,the mode of preparing it.

After having selected the best kind of potatoes, they are boiled; when cool,they are pealed and reduced to a pulp, either by a grater, or in a morter: to five pounds of the puff, which should be equally fine and homogeneous, is added a quantity of salt; the whole is well kneaaded, then covered up and left to repose for three or four days, according to the season of the year: and at the end of that time, the mixture is again kneaded and then put into small baskets, to divest it of the superfluous humidity. Afterwards it is placed in the shade to dry and then it is packed in layers in large jars, or casks, where it is left for fifteen days. The older this cheese grows, the better it is.

There are three kinds made: the first which is the most common, is prepared in the proportions above named; the second, with four parts of potatoes and two of curd; the third with two pounds of potatoes and four pounds of milk.

The potatoe cheese has this advantage over common cheese, it never engenders maggots, and it keeps perfectly wel for several years, provided it is placed in a dry situation and in close vessels.

I have repeated this experiment with the proportions of the second quality.-This was the method pursued. The potatoes were boiled, pealed and crushed with the hands. If the fabrication was carried on extensively, the machine used for reducing the potatoes in distilleries, could be used. The milk was heated,and curdled with vinegar, and no runnet was at command. After this operation, the milk was mixed with the potatoes; the mass was salted, then it was passed through a hair seive, to pulverize it thoroughly and make the mixture perfect; this mass, covered with salt, was left for ten or twelve days in an earthen pan; at this period it was distributed,for want of baskets, on seives, where it drained and became moulded into regular forms. The seives were lined with a linen cloth before itwas put into them. Fifteen days after this draining operation which had been aided a little by pressure, the cheeses were placed, enveloped in their cloths, between osiehurdles and put into the cellar. At this time the caseous fermentation is well developed, the cheeses are yet very soft and there is formed on the surface i skin of mould. The cheese taste is very sensible, and not disagreeable, and think this kind of cheese can be advantageously made by the farmers. I nov intend to attempt drying the cheese in the shade. I shall publish the result o this experiment, which appears to me to be important to agricultural economy. N. E. Farmer.

EFFECTS OF BUDDING.

the insertion only.

Dedkam, Aug. 19.

difference of opinion among horticul- and on being told be was dead, he would to the valuable information, pertaining buildings. Also, a convenient HOUSE, turists relative to the effects of grafting ask who killed him: to which his atten- to their special objects, which the title Stable, and half an acre of LAND .or budding. Miller says that crab stocks dants would reply, trembling, that they designates,—it will embody important The whole or any part of said property will be ten dollars. cause apples to be firmer, to keep lon- did not know, but supposed it was God's state papers, in a convenient form for will be sold cheap. The Stock in the ger, and to have a sharper flavor; and doing. When he chanced in his haste, preservation. The public mind has been Store may be had likewise. he is equally confident, that if the break to kill any one in mistake for another, - much excited on the subject, and with a ing pears be grafted on quince stocks, - as was frequently the case, he would view to embody in a condensed form, - of the above. For further particulars the fruit is gritty or stony, while the civily ask his pardon, saying he did not an authentic account thereof, the first inquire of the subscriber at the stand. melting pears are much improved by intend to have killed the poor man: - numders will contain the corresponsuch stocks. Lord Bacon, however, and whenever he heat a man soundly, dence between Gen. Jackson and Mr. says that the scion overruleth the graft and put him in chains, he was consider- Calhoun, which will be followed up by "This last opinion" says the Ed. Ency- would generally call on him in prison,- the dissolution of the late cabinet; thus clopedia, "as a general proposition re- would affect to be surprised, and calling embodying a mass of interesting history mains true; it being evident, that the him his "dear friend," would inquire upon that subject, in a pamphlet form .scion, bud or inarched shoot, is endowed how he came in that unfortunate plight; As it is expected that many village and with the power of drawing or forming and sending him a suit of his own neighborhood clubs will be formed for from the stock that peculiar kind of clothes, would place him in some high their circulation, we intend to publish a nourishment which is adapted to its na- and lucrative post, which having enter- large edition of the first numbers. thre, and that the specific characters of ed upon in a pennyless state, it could be Our subscribers and agents are respect- white hind foot. The owner is requestalthough its qualities may be partially af- much he would be worth at a certain this address, and editors with whom we

cept that proposed by our correspondent con. who favored us with the query respect- During his reign he raised his king- expense incurred by us in furnishing ing budding, page 35, relative to the in- dom to an unprecedent pitch of mititary them the reports and proceedings of Confluence of the bud on the stock. We renown; and his name struck such ter- gress, the request will not appear un- can be had for one dollar, remitted post per year, in numbers of 16 pages each. are inclined, however, to believe that for that he reigned in peace and quiet- reasonable. The favor will be recipro- paid to SAMUEL COLEMAN, Portland,

simuld almost as soon think of a stream | Mahomet, rebelled against his authority, to which it was attached.

Remedy for the Chalera Morbus. - Dr. Hope, Surgeon on hoard H. M. Hospital Ship Canada, states some instances 2,000 women besides the limited numof remarkable success in the Cholera Morbus and says:

"The remedy I gave was-One drachm nitrous acid, (not nitric, that has failed me, one ounce of peppermini water or camphor, and forty drops of opium. A fourth part every three or four hours in a capifull of thin gruel. The belly should There is made, in Thuringe and in a be covered with a succession of hot clothes dry; bottles of hot water to the which is very much esteemed; this is feet, if they can be obtained; constant and small sipping of finely strained grue, cor sago or tapioca, no spirit, no wine,no fermented liquors till quite restored."

EMPERORS OF MOROCCO.

Muley Ishmael and his successors;ways a gun or lance for that purpose.-In these reigns the miserable subjects equalled that of the former .- Moore's were tortured in the most unheard of travels in Morocco. manner; and sawing in two, putting out the eyes, crucifying alive, or being burnt were usual punishments for the most dent Monroe, has been published, and trifling, or no offence at all. In these golden days-and for aught I know it hundred pages. may be still practiced—it was a frequent custom for an individual to buy another of the Sultan, if he funcied he was rich, and that he could take any thing by this by neavy rains in the latter humane speculation. The way in which it was managed was thus:—The person Washington two Weekly Newspapers, wishing to make the purchase, went be- (in pamphlet form) one to be entitled, fore the bashaw or governor of the district, and bargained for such or such a person; and when at last they had agreed between themselves as to the A Portion of the daily Telegraph will price, each party trying to cheat the oth- be devoted to agriculture and the meer in enhancing the probability of gain chanic arts. Having the matter in type, or loss by the transaction, the money we propose to make up two weekly roywas paid, and a receipt given, which en- al sheets, to contain sixteen octavo patitled the buyer to the body of the indi- ges each : one to be entitled, The Farvidual bought, whoever he might be, - mers Register-the other, the Mechanand who was accordingly delivered into ic's Register. The Farmer's Register his hands. The latter part I cannot bet- will contain agricultural notices, and ter explain than by inserting part of a such other matter, common to a newspaletter on this horrible system, written by per, as will be interesting to that class an English merchant who resided at Te- from whom we derive the staff of life. The than in the reign of Muley Ishmael, and Mcchanic's Register will contain such which I find inserted in a curious ac-| general information on mechanics, in adcount of a journey to Mequinez, in 1721 dition to the ordinary newspaper notices written during Commodore Stewart's as will render it a valuable acquisition to embassy to that city. "Yesterday, Mr. the library of that useful class of citi-Noble and I were passing by the prison, zens for whom it is intended. These where he saw a man hanged by the two publications will contain no adverheels, with irons upon his legs, pincers tisements but those connected with agupon his nose, his flesh cut with seissors riculture and the mechanic acts. For and two men perpetually drubbing him, these works we ask the special contribuand demanding money. When the fel- tion of those, whose avocations in life low was not able to speak, they renew- enable them to give practical and useful ed their blows; and this was a bought information. man, that they gave 500 ducats for, and The price for these will be one expected by these tortures to force out dollar and fifty cents per annum, paid in of him 500 ducats more. His tortures advance. As this sum cannot be remitwere so severe, that Noble, when he ted by mail, any postmaster is authorisaw him, cried out, "O Lord, the bles- zed to receive it on account, and the pased fruits of arbitrary government!"- per will be forwarded on his receipt. Because you have not seen such a thing, The editor is willing, where one in-I judged this description might not be dividual will obtain eight or more subunacceptable." Of Muley Ishmacl it is scribers, & remit one dollar& twentyfive related in the same account that being cents for each, to forward these papers on an expedition, and coming to a river at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five which his army could not pass, he order- cents per volume. Each volume to coned all his prisoners killed, and interwo- tain fifty-two numbers. Mr. Fessenden.—In answer to a query ven with rushes to form a bridge. It The object of both these works will in your last headed 'Bud ling,' I would may easily be imagined during these be, to place a cheap newspaper within observe that the correct theory is believ- times, when Christian slavery was in the reach of every citizen; and, at the ed to be that the stocks are not influenc- full force, in what way the unfortunate same time, to make it doubly interesting ed by the character of the buds which wretches were treated who fell into his by giving important information, suited may be inserted. The buds derive their clutches, when so little regard was paid to the avocations of those for whom it is nourish-ment from the stocks (as the to the lives of his own subjects. No intended. We admit that it is our destocks do from the earth, &c.) and con- person appeared before him without and sire that they shall find their way to the trol the future growth of the tree above uncertainty of going out of his presence fire-side of every honest citizen; and alive. When he had killed a favorite we are resolved to do all in our power through caprice or passion, he would to make them worthy of such favor .--Remarks by the Editor—There is some make inquiry for the murdered person: tion of political matter, and in addition STORE, POTASH, apparatus and out- advance and \$150 at the time of graduating. quite, the stock being passive only. — ed in the high road to preferment, as he the publications explaining the cause of the engrafted plant remain unchanged, calculated with the greater certainty how fully desired to promote the object of

our friend from Dedham is correct; and ness. It is true, that his son, Muley cated if desired. DUFF GREEN. Agent for Maine,

communicating its peculiar qualities to but he was quickly subdued, and his its fountain, as a bud or scion having any hand being cut off, he died from the loss influence on the properties of the stock of blood : and Muley Sidan, another of his sons, being the appointed heir to the throne, was soon after strangled by his wives on account of his cruelty. aged tyrant, Muley Ishmael-for he was past ninety when he died-maintained ber of lawful wives that his religion al lowed. It may well be imagined that his happiness did not increase in proportion to the number of his ribs, and that so large a family did not contribute to increase his domestic comfort; on the contrary, what with their intrigues, jealousies, quarrelling, and endless complaints of each other, they teased and enraged the old man so much that he would sometimes order his black eunuchs to weed his establishment, as he would term it, and who would accordingly sometimes take off thirty in a day of the most troublesome, by a very expeditious and easy contrivance called geefing. This consisted in twisting a The sway of the last two or three small cord round the neck of the offendpound of sour milk with a sufficient Sultans of Morocco has been mildness ers; and in this way going from one to itself, in comparison with the horrible another, the rest by these means kept enormities and the most attrocious acts quiet for a time. It may be supposed of cruelty that characterized the reign of that his issue from so many wives during so long a life was pretty numerous, when human beings were slaughtered having 700 sons able to mount on horsein sport, and the monarch delighted in back; of the number of his daughters being his own executioner, carrying al-history does not inform us, for the Moors never reckoned women, but it doubtless

> President Adams' Eulogy upon Presimakes a handsome pamphlet of about a

In Salisbury, Mississippi, great damage was done to the cotton plantations have received, and anxious to improve, as far Professors, must be strikingly evident

THE MECHANIC'S REGISTER,

THE OTHER, THE FARMER'S REGISTER.

time, when he was sure of being again exchange, are requested to give it an in-But we never knew a question, ex- stripped of every thing by his royal pat- sertion in their respective papers. When they take into consideration the extra

PRINTING TYPES, PRESSES, &c. &c.

WILLIAM HAGER & CO OFFER for sale at their Type and Stereotype Foundry, No. 29 Gold The street, New-York, a complete assortment of Printing Types, &c. &c. They have lately completed series of founts from Pica to Diamond, of a light face and beautiful cut, which they offer with great confidence as being very superior articles. The following are their prices, (uniform with other foundries,) 6 months credit or 7 1-2 per cent. discount for cash.

Six line Pica and all larger, Cannon to six line Pica, Double English to Double Paragon, Great Primer to Double Pica, 34 Pica and English, Small Pica, Long Primer, Burgeois, Brevier, Minion, Nonpariel, 116 Agate, 140 Pearl, Diamond,

All other articles of the Type Foundry in proportion. William Hager & Co. cast their book founts of a metal much lighter than the kind commonly in use durable.

"Washington Printing Press," invented by Rust, and for the "Smith Press," the most wavering and sceptical; and made by R. Hoe & Co. The following it is chiefly owing to this success, that are the prices, 6 months credit, of both we are indebted for the elevated charac kinds.

Medium, do. 2, 260 Do. do. 3, 27. New York, March 3d, 1831.

PREMIUM.

Literature, effer the following premium :-

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS to the writer of the best ORIGINAL TALE, prepared for the Saturday Courier, and presented under the following restrictions and regulations. All Tales intended to compete for this pre-

mium, must be addressed to Woodward & Spragg, Philadelphia, FREE OF POSTAGE, on O before the first day of December, 1831.

rate scaled envelope, which will not be opened except in the case of the successful competitor

Early in December the Tales presented will be submitted to a committee consisting of the following gentlemen, viz:-David Paul Brown, William M. Meredith, John Musgrave, Richard Penn Smith, Morton McMichael, and Charles Alexander, Esq'rs. who will award prior to the 1st of January, 1832.

As soon as the award shall be determined, runtic information of the same will be given, and immediately thereafter the successful candidate may draw upon the publishers for the amount of the premium.

The publication of the Tales will be commenced in January, 1832, and continued at the

discretion of the publishers. Competitors for the premium are requested

to use care in the preparation of their manuscripts, as it is very desirable that illegibility Philadelphia, July 9.

MMEDIATELY, in payment for the Oxford Observer,

12,000 First rate SHINGLES;

200 Bushels WHEAT; CORN; 200

200 OATS; 100 RYE.

Also,-Butter, Cheese, Lard, Tallow, Beans, Peas, &c. &c. Sept. 26.

A GREAT BARGAIN!!



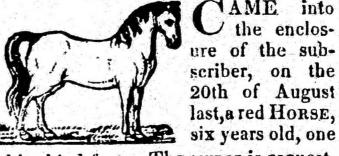


TYTHE noted Stand for Trade, situated one mile and a half west of Norway Village, at the

A credit will be given on the sale

WM. PINGREE. Norway, July 25.

NOTICE.



ure of the subscriber, on the 20th of August ded. last, a red Horse, six years old, one

ed to prove property, pay charges, and take him away. SEBA GAMMON. Norway, Sept. 2, 1831.

JOURNAL OF HEALTH.

UBLISHED twice a month, \$1,- association of the members of the Ear. 1 25 per annum or sixteen numbers It is published semi-monthly, at \$1.50

N.W-YOUR ALTONEAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

THE Public are respectfully informed that an Institution is established, and in successful operation, in the city of New-York Eldridge street, between Grand and Broome, denominated the "REFORMED MEDICAL COL-LEGE," under the jurisdiction of the Reformed Medical Society of the United States ;-that this Institution has arisen from its own intrinsic merits, notwithstanding the opposition of illiberal and interested Physicians, to an eminence and celebrity which has exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its friends.

In this College, a system of practice. is taught altogether superior to that taught in other Medical Schools, or pursued by other Physicians, the remedial agents being principally derived from the vegetable kingdom. Its efficacy has been pro ed for more than half a century, combining the improvements of the most distinguished Medical Reformers of this or any other age. It has been tested in every variety and form of disease, and its salutary effects witnessed where the mercurial or mineral treatand which they will warrant much more ment had been pursued without the least effect, except great injury to the They are agents for the sale of the constitution. Its superiority has been so repeatedly demonstrated, as to satisfy ter and reputation of our Reformed \$250 | Imperial. No. 1, \$250 | Medical Colleges. In short, the system tem of practice we teach, "like the Doric Column, stands simple, pure and majestic, having fact for its basis, induction for its pillar, and truth alone for its capital."

The necessity of an Institution of this grateful for the liberal patronage they by heavy rains in the latter part of July. as they possibly can, the character of American to all who have reflected upon the subject of medical Reform The prevailing practice of Physic and Surgery is generally admitted to be replete with danger to the health and lives of manking. MERCURY, the LANCET, and the KNIFE, are now the means chiefly relied upon forthe removal of almost every disease Accompanying each l'ale the writer must incident to the human body, notwithfurnish his or her name and address, in a sepa | standing their deleterious effects are so universally known and experienced.

The benefits to be derived by an attendance at this Institution, will, we trust, be duly appreciated by those who wish to acquire a correct knowledge of the healing art. Here the Student will be taught all the ordinary routine of practice that is deemed necessary, in addition to the Botanical; and in consequence of his residing in the Institution, and pursuing a systematic course of study, combining each of those departments, he may acquire a knowledge of both in a short space of time, and at a very small expence, in comparison with that of other Medical Colleges.

The following are taught, both on the old and modern, or Reformed System, by lectures, recitations, examinations, and suitable text

1. Anatomy and Physiology. 2. Materia Medica and Pharmacy

3. Theory and Practice of Physic and Surgery. 4. Midwifery.

5. Theoretical and Practical Botany.

6. Chemistry.

7. Medical Jurisprudence, &c.

There being an Infirmary connected with the College, the Student will have the benefit of Clinical Practice, by which the experimental. or practical part of medicine, will be acquired with the theory.

There will be no specified time to complete a course of study, but whenever a student of qualified to pass an examination, he will receive a Diploma. Some will require one year, others two or more years, to complete a course is

Students will have an opportunity of attendng the New-York Hospital, in addition to the Infirmary, where many hundreds of medical and surgical cases are daily exhibited, and Lecture's delivered, Operations performed, &c. with the benefit of an extensive medical library.

For the information of some, we wish to state that this System of Practice has no connection with that disseminated by Dr. Samuel Thompson.

REQUISITIONS.—The qualifications for admission into the school will be ;-1. A Certificate of good moral character. 2. A good English ed-

TERMs.—The price for qualifying a person conjunction of the North and West to practice, including board and all the advansometimes forget what he had done, and The Register will contain a due propor- Stage routs, consisting of a convenient tages of the Institution, will be at the reduced Some allowance will be made for those in indigent circumstances.—The price of a Diploma Every student will be expected to supply

himself with bed and bedding, books, fuel, &c. which may be purchased in this city at a very small price. We have the pleasure to announce that our

School is in successful opperation; there having been about thirty graduates during the present spring, and that there is an opening and a demand in every section of the United States for those educated in its Principles and Practice. Those wishing further information, will

please address a letter (post paid) to the under-The public are cautioned against the reports and misrepresentations of interested Physicians who are unacquainted with the System of

Practice, and the Principles on which it is foun-Students may enter the School at any period,

but the Spring, or Fall, is preferable. W. BEACH, M. D. PRINCIPAL. N. York Reformed Medical College, May, 1831

JOURNAL OF LAW. HIS is the title of a new publica-1 tion, issued from the office of the Journal of Health and conducted by an

> S. COLMAN, Portland. Agent for the work.